TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Exhibit		Page
	CERTIFICATE OF BOARD	1
	FINANCIAL SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report Management's Discussion and Analysis	5 9
	Basic Financial Statements:	
A-1	Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position	20
B-1	Statement of Activities	21
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
C-1	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	22
C-1R	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	2.5
α	to the Statement of Net Position	25
C-2	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	26
C-2R	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	20
C ZIC	Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	29
C-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	_,
	Budget and Actual – General Fund	31
	Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
D-1	Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	32
D-2	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	33
D-3	Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	35
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
E-1	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	36
E-2	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	37
	Notes to the Financial Statements	39
	Required Supplementary Information:	
G-1	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –	
~ •	Teacher Retirement System	70
G-2	Schedule of District Pension Contributions – Teacher Retirement System	72
G-3	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability –	74
G-4	Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan Schedule of District OPEB Contributions – Texas Public School Retired Employees	74
U- 1	Group Insurance Plan	76
	Notes to Required Supplementary Information	79
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
H-1	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	82
H-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	88

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)

J-1	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (Continued): Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	94
J-1	Schedule of Definquent Taxes Receivable	7 4
J-2	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Child Nutrition Fund	96
J-3	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund	97
J-4	Use of Funds Report – Select State Allotment Programs	99
L-1	Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School First Indicators	101
	FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	105
	Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	109
K-1	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	112
	Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	115
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	117

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

<u>Taylor Independent School District</u> Name of School District	Williamson County	246-911 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached ar	nnual financial reports of the above	named school district were
reviewed and (check one) approved	disapproved for the year e	nded June 30, 2023, at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school	district on the day of	·
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Bo	pard President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the (attach list as necessary)	auditor's report, the reason(s) for	or disapproving it is (are):

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of Taylor Independent School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Taylor Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Taylor Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Taylor Independent School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Taylor Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Taylor Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Taylor Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Taylor Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis section which precedes the basic financial statements and the pension and other post-employment benefits liabilities related schedules following the notes to the financial statements be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Taylor Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining schedules of non-major governmental funds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules of non-major governmental funds and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included within the annual report. The other information comprises exhibits required by the Texas Education Agency which present property tax collection and receivable information, budget-to-actual comparisons for the Child Nutrition Fund and Debt Service Fund, and information related to expenditure levels of selected state funding allotments. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover this other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2023 on our consideration of Taylor Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Taylor Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Taylor Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Cedar Park, Texas

September 29, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Taylor Independent School District (the "District") discuss and analyze the financial performance of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read this information in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position for governmental activities increased by \$8,130,365 as a result of this year's current operations, to end at \$13,900,285.
- Total governmental funds of the District (the General Fund plus all Special Revenue Funds, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Debt Service Fund) reported an overall fund balance increase of \$87,843,139 to end at \$106,366,840.
- The General Fund of the District reported a fund balance increase of \$3,274,710 for the year, to end at \$15,901,468.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial Section is the most substantial part of this Annual Financial and Compliance Report. It consists of the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (this section), a set of basic financial statements with required note disclosures, and finally, required supplementary information and other supporting statements and schedules as applicable.

Independent Auditor's Report

State law requires the District's financial statements to be audited by an independent certified public accountant each year. The primary purpose of the annual audit is for the auditor to express an opinion as to whether the financial statements of the District appear to be free from material misstatement. The audit is required to be conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The District received an *Unmodified* opinion on its financial statements this year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the report is intended to introduce the financial statements and to provide discussion and analysis regarding the financial performance of the District during the year. The MD&A is written by management of the District and provides for a less formal presentation of the financial activities of the District than is found within the basic financial statements themselves

Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements consist of a series of financial statements and required note disclosures. These statements include government-wide financial statements which present the District in a consolidated and long-term manner using full-accrual accounting similar to that of a business enterprise, and fund financial statements which present a more detailed view of the District using a more short-term view and traditional modified-accrual governmental accounting. These financial statements are followed with detailed notes which provide narrative explanations and additional data for full disclosure of information.

Required Supplementary Information

The previously discussed Management's Discussion and Analysis section is considered to be required supplementary information, however, the governmental reporting framework requires that it be presented before the financial statements. When applicable, additional required supplementary information must follow the financial statements. Within this financial report, the District presents required schedules related to its participation in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

The combining statements provide detailed information about the District's nonmajor funds. While the primary financial statements present the nonmajor funds in a consolidated manner, the combining statements list all of the nonmajor funds separately, each in its own column. In addition, this section also includes schedules required by the Texas Education Agency to report tax collection information and budget to actual information for the District's child nutrition and debt service functions.

OVERVIEW OF THE FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Report on Internal Controls and Compliance

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, the auditor is required to consider the internal controls the District has in place over financial reporting and whether any noncompliance with rules, laws, and regulations was noted during the audit. This report describes the scope of the testing of internal control and compliance, however, it does not provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control or on compliance.

Report on Compliance and Internal Control for Each Major Program

Because the District expended more than \$750,000 in federal grant awards, an additional independent auditor's report on compliance and internal control over the District's major federal grant programs was required. This report provides an opinion by the independent audit firm that the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements applicable to the federal grants received and expended.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) provides a detailed listing of the federal grant awards received by the District during the year. This listing includes federal grant names, identification numbers, and amounts expended.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

The Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs provides an overall summary of auditor results, including identification of the type of opinion on the financial statements, whether any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal controls were observed by the audit firm, and whether any material noncompliance was noted. This schedule also lists information related to the audit of the District's major federal programs and lists any audit findings reported by the audit firm for the year.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins with the government-wide financial statements which immediately follow this section. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The primary purpose of these financial statements is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the District and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by the State of Texas in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the District's net position and changes in net position. The District's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows) provides one measure of the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, school districts divide up their financial activities as follows:

- Governmental activities School districts report basic services here, including the instruction of students, counseling, co-curricular activities, child nutrition services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, state block grants based on student attendance and demographics, and other state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities School districts may charge a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most
 of the cost of services it provides for child care programs or other activities that closely model a
 business venture.

Our school district reported governmental activities this year, however, we did not engage in business-type activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements follow the government-wide statements and provide detailed information about the most significant funds of the District, not the District as a whole. Laws and regulations require the District to establish separate funds, such as for grants received from the state and federal government, money received from bond issues for capital projects, or for money raised specifically for debt service purposes, in order to clearly display financial accountability for use of these funds.

School districts use two different kinds of funds for operations, governmental funds and proprietary funds, which use different accounting approaches.

- A school district will use *governmental funds* to account for basic services. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- A school district will use *proprietary funds* to account for the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District). Proprietary funds use the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, when a district utilizes enterprise funds, (one category of proprietary funds) these are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but they contain more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. Internal service funds (the other category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide supplies and services for a district's other programs and activities, such as a district's self-insurance programs.

Our District reported several governmental funds this year, however, we did not utilize proprietary funds.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and alumni scholarship programs. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages that follow the governmental fund and proprietary fund financial statements. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is however responsible for applying sound financial internal controls over these funds and for ensuring that these resources are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$5,769,920 to \$13,900,285. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was (\$10,656,259) at June 30, 2023. The increase in governmental net position was primarily due to factors such as higher local revenue collections and operating grant revenue in the current year compared to fiscal year 2022.

Table I TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 2023	Governmental Activities 2022	Change
Current & Other Assets	\$ 111,477,860	\$ 22,903,840	\$ 88,574,020
Capital Assets	76,452,076	75,748,279	703,797
Total Assets	187,929,936	98,652,119	89,277,817
Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,823,352	7,234,015	4,589,337
Current Liabilities	6,261,298	4,641,511	1,619,787
Long-Term Liabilities	165,113,340	82,052,582	83,060,758
Total Liabilities	171,374,638	86,694,093	84,680,545
Deferred Inflows of Resources	14,478,365	13,422,121	1,056,244
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,432,387	13,561,272	2,871,115
Restricted	8,124,157	5,394,697	2,729,460
Unrestricted	(10,656,259)	(13,186,049)	2,529,790
Total Net Position	\$ 13,900,285	\$ 5,769,920	\$ 8,130,365

Table II TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 2023		Governmental Activities 2022		Change
Revenues:					_
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 779,933	\$	398,686	\$	381,247
Operating Grants & Contributions	10,727,838		7,940,296		2,787,542
General Revenues:					
Maintenance & Operations Taxes	20,972,760		15,259,488		5,713,272
Debt Service Taxes	7,462,692		5,911,305		1,551,387
State Aid - Formula Grants	10,167,674		13,665,389		(3,497,715)
Grants & Contributions not Restricted	1,185,638		4,947,068		(3,761,430)
Investment Earnings	1,604,642		144,111		1,460,531
Miscellaneous	1,227,566		551,933		675,633
Total Revenue	54,128,743		48,818,276		5,310,467
Expenses:					
Instruction	20,641,316		20,370,803		270,513
Instructional Resources & Media Services	317,314		360,458		(43,144)
Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	754,588		817,736		(63,148)
Instructional Leadership	1,097,423		1,064,134		33,289
School Leadership	2,126,592		1,981,859		144,733
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	1,695,241		1,456,335		238,906
Social Work Services	155,566		74,021		81,545
Health Services	329,674		375,572		(45,898)
Student Transportation	1,255,648		963,215		292,433
Food Services	2,246,470		2,642,811		(396,341)
Extracurricular Activities	1,454,354		1,203,448		250,906
General Administration	1,765,014		1,665,688		99,326
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	5,048,554		4,635,289		413,265
Security and Monitoring Services	367,889		232,989		134,900
Data Processing Services	723,225		625,947		97,278
Community Services	611,164		615,071		(3,907)
Debt Service	3,345,579		2,157,232		1,188,347
Payments to Member District of SSA	1,899,711		1,912,060		(12,349)
Payments to JJAEP Program	46,345		24,790		21,555
Other Intergovernmental Charges	144,801		112,781		32,020
Total Expenses	46,026,468		43,292,239		2,734,229
Special Items	 28,090		770,372		(742,282)
Change in Net Position	8,130,365		6,296,409		1,833,956
Net Position at 7/1/22 and 7/1/21	 5,769,920		(526,489)		6,296,409
Net Position at 6/30/23 and 6/30/22	\$ 13,900,285	\$	5,769,920	\$	8,130,365

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this annual period, the General Fund reported a fund balance of \$15,901,468, which is \$3,274,710 more than last year's total of \$12,626,758. The increase in fund balance is mainly attributable to state program revenue exceeding budgeted revenue by \$1,535,393 and actual expenditure amounts being under final budgeted appropriations by \$1,749,192.

The District's Debt Service Fund reported a fund balance of \$5,728,202 which is \$2,996,712 more than last year's total of \$2,731,490. The Debt Service fund balance was more at June 30, 2023, as compared to the prior year end, due to local and state program revenue exceeding final expenditure amounts as anticipated in the original budget. The purpose of the Debt Service Fund is to provide for the payment of bond principal and interest payments as it becomes due.

The District's Major Capital Projects Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$81,375,553. Which is \$81,375,553 more than last year's last year's total of -0-. This increase is attributable to the issuance of the Series 2023 Unlimited Tax School Building Bond.

The District's other governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,361,617. This combined balance is \$196,164 more than the previous year. The primary reason for this change in the combined fund balance was due to the excess in revenue over expenditures in the Campus Activity Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees generally revises the District's budget based on financial updates provided by management of the District. These amendments involve moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs, or to react to originally unforeseen circumstances, such as unanticipated new revenues or unavoidable new costs. Significant budget amendments were made to the following budgetary line items: Instruction, General Administration, and Transfers Out.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2023, the District had \$76,452,076 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance.

A summary of the ending balances of capital assets by major category for both 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

		vernmental Activities	Governmental Activities		Activities		
		2023		2022	Change		
Land	\$	1,553,296	\$	1,453,296	\$ 100,000		
Construction in Progress		2,392,473		-	2,392,473		
Buildings	1	06,282,337	1	106,232,491	49,846		
Furniture and Equipment		7,000,618		6,820,772	179,846		
Right to Use Leased Assets		791,830		658,205	133,625		
Total	1	18,020,554	1	115,164,764	2,855,790		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	((41,568,478)	-	(39,416,485)	(2,151,993)		
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$	76,452,076	\$	75,748,279	\$ 703,797		

Debt

At year-end, the District had \$148,447,061 in bonds and other long-term debt outstanding versus \$68,112,117 last year. The increase is attributable to the issuance of a \$79,010,000 Series 2023 Unlimited Tax Building Bond.

A summary of the ending balances of long-term debt by type for both 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Governmental	Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	
	2023	2022	Change
Bonds Payable	\$ 148,015,343	\$ 67,555,517	\$ 80,459,826
Right to Use Leases Payable	126,262	397,477	(271,215)
Compensated Absenses Payable	305,456	159,123	146,333
Total	\$ 148,447,061	\$ 68,112,117	\$ 80,334,944

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2023-2024 budget and tax rates. Those factors include property values, changes in enrollment, the economy, projections of future budget years, and legislative mandates. The District has adopted a General Fund budget of \$35.3 million for the 2023-2024 fiscal year. This reflects an approximate increase of \$1.48 million in budgeted expenditures from the fiscal year 2022-2023 adopted budget to fiscal year 2023-2024.

For the 2023-2024 budget year, the District has decreased its maintenance and operations tax rate at \$0.9333 per hundred of taxable value. The District adopted a debt service tax rate of \$0.3425 for the 2023-2024 budget year in order to fund required debt payments in the coming year. The combined tax rate of the District for the 2023-2024 budget year is \$1.2758 per hundred of taxable value.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office, at Taylor Independent School District, 3101 North Main Street, Suite 104, Taylor, Texas 76574, or by calling (512) 365-1391.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		Primary
Data		Government 1
Data Contr	01	Governmental
Codes		Activities
ASSI		Activities
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 24,608,861
1120	Investments - Current	82,201,051
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, net	800,432
1240	Due from Other Governments	3,758,236
1290	Other Receivables, net	62,730
1300	Inventories	46,550
1000	Capital Assets:	10,330
1510	Land Purchase and Improvements	1,553,296
1520	Buildings and Improvements, net	70,734,945
1530	Furniture and Equipment, net	1,475,110
1550	Right to Use Leased Assets, net	296,252
1580	Construction in Progress	2,392,473
1000	Total Assets	187,929,936
	ERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	167,929,930
1700	Deferred Outflows-Bond Refundings	2,506,623
1705	Deferred Outflows-Pension	7,730,988
1705	Deferred Outflows-Pension Deferred Outflows-OPEB	1,585,741
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,823,352
TIAT		11,023,332
	BILITIES	1 021 077
2110	Accounts Payable	1,031,867
2120	Bonds and Loans Payable - Current Year	2,440
2140	Interest Payable	1,950,710
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	263,775
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	2,824,247
2200 2300	Accrued Expenses	87,141
2300	Unearned Revenue Noncurrent Liabilities:	101,118
2501	Due Within One Year	3,369,753
2502	Due in More Than One Year	
2540	Net Pension Liability	145,077,308 10,662,938
2545	Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability	6,003,341
2000	Total Liabilities	171,374,638
		171,574,030
	ERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4204.045
2605	Deferred Inflows-Pension	4,394,845
2606	Deferred Inflows-OPEB	10,083,520
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	14,478,365
	POSITION	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,432,387
	Restricted for:	
3820	Federal & State Programs	2,185,075
3850	Debt Service	5,939,082
3900	Unrestricted	(10,656,259)
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 13,900,285

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		1	Program 3	Revenues 4	Net (Expense) Rev. & Changes in Net Position
Data		_	-	Operating	Primary Gov.
Contro	01		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
Codes		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
	ary Government: OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	-			
11	Instruction	\$ 20,641,316	\$ 207,219	\$ 5,133,097	\$ (15,301,000)
12	Instructional Resources & Media Services	317,314	-	8,934	(308,380)
13	Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	754,588	-	586,580	(168,008)
21	Instructional Leadership	1,097,423	-	714,537	(382,886)
23	School Leadership	2,126,592	-	88,112	(2,038,480)
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	1,695,241	-	724,827	(970,414)
32	Social Work Services	155,566	-	144,121	(11,445)
33	Health Services	329,674	-	65,476	(264,198)
34	Student Transportation	1,255,648	-	195,759	(1,059,889)
35	Food Services	2,246,470	344,545	2,143,394	241,469
36	Extracurricular Activities	1,454,354	198,720	51,203	(1,204,431)
41	General Administration	1,765,014	29,449	68,157	(1,667,408)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	5,048,554	-	400,992	(4,647,562)
52	Security and Monitoring Services	367,889	-	64,068	(303,821)
53	Data Processing Services	723,225	-	40,954	(682,271)
61	Community Services	611,164	-	105,700	(505,464)
72	Interest on Long-Term Debt	3,343,079	-	191,927	(3,151,152)
73	Bond Issuance Cost & Fees	2,500	-	-	(2,500)
93	Payments to Member Dist. of SSA	1,899,711	-	-	(1,899,711)
95	Payments to JJAEP Program	46,345	-	-	(46,345)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	144,801	-	-	(144,801)
TG	Total Governmental Activities:	46,026,468	779,933	10,727,838	(34,518,697)
TP	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$ 46,026,468	\$ 779,933	\$10,727,838	(34,518,697)
	General Revenues: Taxes:	C ID			20.072.760
	MT Property Taxes, Levied for				20,972,760
	DT Property Taxes, Levied for		;		7,462,692
	SF State Aid - Formula Grants				10,167,674
	GC Grants and Contributions,	not Restricted			1,185,638
	IE Investment Earnings	1: 4 D			1,604,642
	MI Miscellaneous Local and In	ntermediate Re	venue		1,227,566
	Total General Revenues				42,620,972
	S1 Gain on Sale of Property, n	et			45,818
	S2 Insurance Recoveries				(17,728)
	TR Total General Rever	nues, Special It	ems, and Tran	is fers	42,649,062
	CN Change in Net Position				8,130,365
	NB Net Position Beginning				5,769,920
	NE Net Position Ending				\$ 13,900,285

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

			10		50		60
Data							
Contro	ol		General		Debt	M	ajor Capital
Codes			Fund	Se	rvice Fund		ojects Fund
ASSI							<u>, </u>
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,889,409	\$	5,790,748	\$	-
1120	Investments - Current		3,772		-		82,197,279
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		655,060		234,312		, , <u>-</u>
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)		(65,508)		(23,432)		-
1240	Due from Other Governments		2,553,445		4,418		=
1260	Due from Other Funds		1,437,168		-		-
1290	Other Receivables		61,896		=		=
1310	Inventories		46,550		-		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	19,581,792	\$	6,006,046	\$	82,197,279
LIAE	BILITIES						
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	386,213	\$	-	\$	212,038
2120	Bonds and Loans Payable - Current Year		2,440		-		-
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		263,775		-		-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		2,193,409		-		-
2170	Due to Other Funds		156,870		-		609,688
2200	Accrued Expenditures		87,141		-		-
2300	Unavailable Revenues		924		66,964		-
2000	Total Liabilities		3,090,772		66,964		821,726
DEFI	ERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2600	Deferred Inflows-Unavailable Revenues		589,552		210,880		_
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		589,552		210,880		
FUN	D BALANCES						
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:							
3410	Inventories		46,550		_		_
	Restricted for:		,				
3450	Federal or State Funds Restricted		-		_		_
3470	Capital Acq. and Contractual Oblig.		_		_		81,375,553
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		5,728,202		-
	Committed for:						
3510	Construction		959,182		-		-
3525	Retirement of Loans or Notes Payable		182,009		-		-
3530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		500,000		-		-
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		500,000		-		-
	Assigned for:						
3550	Construction		400,000		-		-
3565	Retirement of Loans and Notes Payable		380,000		-		-
3580	Self Insurance		235,180		-		-
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-		-
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		12,698,547		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances		15,901,468		5,728,202		81,375,553
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,						-
	and Fund Balances	\$	19,581,792	\$	6,006,046	\$	82,197,279

			98
			Total
	Other	G	overnmental
	Funds		Funds
	1 01100		1 41145
\$	3,923,681	\$	24,603,838
Ψ	-	Ψ	82,201,051
	_		889,372
	_		(88,940)
	1,200,373		3,758,236
	-		1,437,168
	834		62,730
	-		46,550
\$	5,124,888	\$	112,910,005
\$	428,593	\$	1,026,844
Ψ	-	Ψ	2,440
	_		263,775
	630,838		2,824,247
	670,610		1,437,168
	-		87,141
	33,230		101,118
	1,763,271		5,742,733
	_		800,432
	_		800,432
-			
	_		46,550
	_		40,550
	2,185,075		2,185,075
	625,731		82,001,284
	-		5,728,202
			-,, -
	-		959,182
	=		182,009
	-		500,000
	-		500,000
	-		400,000
	-		380,000
	-		235,180
	550,811		550,811
	-		12,698,547
	3,361,617		106,366,840
-			
\$	5,124,888	\$	112,910,005

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

			1
	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 106,366,840
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial		
	resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
	Governmental capital assets	\$ 118,020,554	
	Less accumulated depreciation	(41,568,478)	76,452,076
2	Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
	Bonds payable, including unamortized premiums	(148,015,343)	
	Deferred Charges on Refunding	2,506,623	
	Right to Use Lease payables	(305,456)	
	Vested vacation benefits payable	(126,262)	
	Net pension liability	(10,662,938)	
	Net OPEB liability	(6,003,341)	(162,606,717)
3	Accrued interest on long-term debt related to governmental fund activities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.		(1,950,710)
4	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	7,730,988	
	Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(4,394,845)	
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	1,585,741	
	Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(10,083,520)	(5,161,636)
5	Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the governmental funds when collected, but recognized on the Statement of Activities in the year levied. Therefore, property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, is added to the Statement of Net Position for governmental		
	activities.		800,432
19	Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 13,900,285

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	10	50	60	
Data				
Control	General	Debt	Major Capital	
Codes	Fund	Service Fund	Projects Fund	
REVENUES			_	
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 22,245,833	\$ 7,564,849	\$ 630,506	
5800 State Program Revenues	11,905,915	191,927	- -	
5900 Federal Program Revenues	870,488	- -	-	
5020 Total Revenues	35,022,236	7,756,776	630,506	
EXPENDITURES				
0011 Instruction	15,622,143	_	_	
0012 Instructional Resources & Media Services	316,353	-	-	
0013 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	148,276	_	-	
0021 Instructional Leadership	374,810	-	-	
0023 School Leadership	2,098,145	-	-	
0031 Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	917,782	-	-	
0032 Social Work Services	_	_	-	
0033 Health Services	269,517	-	-	
0034 Student Transportation	1,149,488	-	-	
0035 Food Services	1,048	-	-	
0036 Extracurricular Activities	1,201,712	-	-	
0041 General Administration	1,543,991	=	-	
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	4,583,740	=	-	
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	285,063	=	-	
0053 Data Processing Services	675,861	-	-	
0061 Community Services	509,378	-	-	
0071 Debt Service - Principal	251,410	2,725,000	-	
0072 Debt Service - Interest	20,320	2,038,628	-	
0073 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Costs	-	2,500	-	
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	2,492,473	
0093 Payments to Member Dist. of SSA	1,793,846	-	=	
0095 Payments to JJAEP Program	43,762	-	=	
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	136,732			
Total Expenditures	31,943,377	4,766,128	2,492,473	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	2 050 050	2 000 640	(4.064.06	
(Under) Expenditures	3,078,859	2,990,648	(1,861,967)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
7911 Capital-Related Debt Issued	-	-	79,010,000	
7912 Sale of Property	54,913	-	-	
7913 Proceeds from Right to Use Leased Assets	167,542	-	-	
7915 Transfers In	-	6,064	-	
7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	-	4,233,584	
8911 Transfers Out	(723)		(6,064)	
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	221,732	6,064	83,237,520	
8912 Special Items - Insurance Recoveries	(25,881)		- 01 275 552	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	3,274,710	2,996,712	81,375,553	
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning 3000 Fund Balance - Ending	12,626,758	2,731,490	© 91 275 552	
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 15,901,468	\$ 5,728,202	\$ 81,375,553	

	98			
	Total			
Other	Governmental			
Funds	Funds			
Tunus	Tunus			
\$ 1,184,835	\$ 31,626,023			
2,848,471	14,946,313			
7,252,674	8,123,162			
11,285,980	54,695,498			
5,000,413	20,622,556			
4,565	320,918			
602,746	751,022			
722,202	1,097,012			
46,724	2,144,869			
774,393	1,692,175			
147,208	147,208			
61,613	331,130			
183,040	1,332,528			
2,476,949	2,477,997			
249,844	1,451,556			
86,157	1,630,148			
486,847	5,070,587			
65,129	350,192			
33,953	709,814			
98,910	608,288			
70,710	2,976,410			
_	2,058,948			
_	2,500			
49,846	2,542,319			
42,040	1,793,846			
-	43,762			
-	136,732			
11,090,539	50,292,517			
11,090,339	30,292,317			
195,441	4,402,981			
	70.010.000			
-	79,010,000			
-	54,913			
-	167,542			
723	6,787			
-	4,233,584			
-	(6,787)			
723	83,466,039			
-	(25,881)			
196,164	87,843,139			
3,165,453	18,523,701			
\$ 3,361,617	\$ 106,366,840			

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Total Net Change in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds		\$87,843,139
	Governmental funds report the portion of capital outlay for capitalized assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Expenditures for capitalized assets	¢ 2 222 570	
	•	\$ 3,233,578	712 902
	Less current year depreciation	(2,520,686)	712,892
2	Repayment of principal on bonds, notes, leases and SBITA is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but this expenditure is removed from the Statement of Activities and these repayments instead reduce long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.		2,984,563
3	Issuance of long-term debt increases current financial resources to governmental funds, but this increase is not shown on the Statement of Activities and instead increases long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.		(83,411,126
ļ	Accumulated accretion on bonds issued by governmental activities is recognized only when paid in the governmental funds, but is treated as interest expense on the Statement of Activities as it accretes.		(533,839)
5	Since long-term debt is not recorded in governmental funds, amortization of related issuance premiums and discounts is also not recorded.		592,597
5	The change in accrued interest due on long-term debt issued for governmental activities does not affect current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.		(1,186,225
7	Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the governmental funds when collected but recognized on the Statement of Activities in the year levied. Therefore the uncollected amount of the current year levy is added to current year property tax revenue on the Statement of Activities.		297,319
8	Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, pension contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position if made after the net pension liability measurement date. In addition, the change in the net pension liability, adjusted for changes in deferred pension items, is reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.		(213,049)
•	Governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, OPEB contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position if made after the net OPEB liability measurement date. In addition, the change in the net OPEB liability, adjusted for changes in deferred OPEB items, is		
	reported as OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities.		1,176,992
0	Since capital assets are not reported in governmental funds, gains or losses on disposal of capital assets are also not reported in governmental funds.		(9,095
1	Amortization of deferred charges on the refunding of bonds does not affect current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.		(156,664
2	The decrease in compensated absences does not affect current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.		32,861
9	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 8,130,365
	e notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data				Actual	
Conti	rol	Budgeted	Amounts	Amounts	Variance With
Code	S	Original	Final	(GAAP BASIS)	Final Budget
	ENUES	<u> </u>		7	<u> </u>
	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$ 22,371,349	\$ 22,371,611	\$ 22,245,833	\$ (125,778)
5800	State Program Revenues	10,370,522	10,370,522	11,905,915	1,535,393
5900	Federal Program Revenues	724,986	724,986	870,488	145,502
5020	Total Revenues	33,466,857	33,467,119	35,022,236	1,555,117
EXP	ENDITURES				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	16,847,587	16,400,587	15,622,143	778,444
0012	Instructional Resources & Media Svcs.	399,546	359,546	316,353	43,193
0013	Curriculum & Instructional Staff Dev.	203,392	163,392	148,276	15,116
0021	Instructional Leadership	541,153	499,953	374,810	125,143
0023	School Leadership	2,087,480	2,167,710	2,098,145	69,565
0031	Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Svcs.	882,385	929,385	917,782	11,603
0033	Health Services	375,762	319,762	269,517	50,245
0034	Student Transportation	1,145,955	1,226,425	1,149,488	76,937
0035	Food Services	1,550	3,550	1,048	2,502
0036	Extracurricular Activities	1,274,240	1,289,240	1,201,712	87,528
0041	General Administration	1,400,774	1,613,774	1,543,991	69,783
0051	Facilities Maintenance & Operations	4,772,518	4,904,518	4,583,740	320,778
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	227,400	289,350	285,063	4,287
0053	Data Processing Services	645,325	755,325	675,861	79,464
0061	Community Services	528,249	528,249	509,378	18,871
	Debt Service:		-		
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt	277,054	277,054	251,410	25,644
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt	27,789	27,789	20,320	7,469
	Intergovernmental:				
0093	Payments to Member District of SSA	1,808,198	1,801,466	1,793,846	7,620
0095	Payments to JJAEP Program	43,500	43,762	43,762	-
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	130,000	136,732	136,732	-
6030	Total Expenditures	33,619,857	33,737,569	31,943,377	1,794,192
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
	Over (Under) Expenditures	(153,000)	(270,450)	3,078,859	3,349,309
ОТН	IER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
7912	Sale of Property	_	2,000	54,913	52,913
7913	Proceeds from Right to Use Leased Assets	_	2,000	167,542	167,542
7949	Other Resources	365,000	_	-	-
8911	Transfers Out	(212,000)	(2,000)	(723)	1,277
8912	Special Items - Insurance Recoveries	(212,000)	(2,000)	(25,881)	(25,881)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	153,000	-	195,851	195,851
	- , , , ,	155,000			
1200 0100	Net Change in Fund Balances	12 626 759	(270,450)	3,274,710	3,545,160
	Fund Balance-July 1 (Beginning)	12,626,758	12,626,758	12,626,758	
3000	Fund Balance-June 30 (Ending)	\$ 12,626,758	\$ 12,356,308	\$ 15,901,468	\$ 3,545,160

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Gove	rnmental	
Data	Activities		
Control	Int	ternal	
Codes	Servi	ce Fund	
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,023	
1000 Total Assets		5,023	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
2110 Accounts Payable		5,023	
2000 Total Liabilities		5,023	
NET POSITION			
3900 Unrestricted Net Position		-	
3000 Total Net Position	\$	-	

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental
Data	Activities
Control	Internal
Codes	Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 124,251
5020 Total Revenues	124,251
OPERATING EXPENSES	
6200 Professional and Contracted Services	21,295
6400 Other Operating Costs	102,956
6030 Total Expenses	124,251
Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers	-
1300 Change in Net Position	-
0100 Total Net Position - Beginning	-
3300 Total Net Position - Ending	\$ -

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TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	A	vernmental ectivities Internal vice Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments to Suppliers Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year:	\$	124,251 (119,228) 5,023 5,023 5,023
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ \$	5,023 5,023

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	828	829	865
Data	Private-	Private-	
Control	Purpose Trust	Purpose Trust	Custodial
Codes	Fund	Fund	Fund
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 77,588	\$ 661,536	\$ 464,986
1120 Investments - Current	2,579,358	562,566	-
Total Assets	2,656,946	1,224,102	464,986
NET POSITION			
Restricted for:			
3800 Individuals and Organizations	2,656,946	1,224,102	451,310
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 2,656,946	\$ 1,224,102	\$ 451,310

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			828		829		865
Data			Private-		Private-		
Contro	ol	Pu	rpose Trust	Purpose Trust		Custodial	
Codes			Fund	Fund			Fund
ADD	ITIONS						
	Contributions:						
5744	Foundations, Gifts, and Bequests	\$	-	\$	51,139	\$	-
5750	Fundraising Activities		-		-		408,876
5700	Other Contributions		150,764		37,076		-
5020	Total Contributions		150,764		88,215		408,876
	Investment Earnings:						
5742	Interest, Dividends, and Other		14,085		21,702		20,261
	Total Additions		164,849		109,917		429,137
DED	UCTIONS						
6300	Supplies and Materials		-		-		392,065
6400	Other Operating Costs		54,658		62,077		-
6030	Total Deductions		54,658		62,077		392,065
1200	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position		110,191		47,840		37,072
0100	Net Position - Beginning		2,546,755		1,176,262		414,238
3000	Net Position - Ending	\$	2,656,946	\$	1,224,102	\$	451,310

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes those activities, organizations and functions related to Taylor Independent School District (the "District"), which are controlled by or dependent upon the District's governing body, the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). The Board, a seven member group, is the level of government having governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the District. Since the District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources, it must comply with the requirements of the entities providing those funds. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority. Furthermore, there are no legally separate organizations, known as "component units", included within the reporting entity.

The accounting policies of the District comply with the rules prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in its Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FASRG). These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support. Currently however, the District has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Custodial funds have no measurement focus. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Major revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include state and federal program revenues and property taxes. No accrual for property taxes collected within sixty days of year end has been made as such amounts are deemed immaterial; delinquent property taxes at year end are reported as deferred inflows of resources within the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Major Funds and Fund Types

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund includes financial resources that are not required to be reported separately in another fund. It is a budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balances are considered to be resources available for current operations.

The Debt Service Fund includes debt service taxes and other revenues collected to retire bond principal and to pay interest due. It is a budgeted fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the construction, improvement and renovation of school buildings in the District along with the acquisition of land and equipment. This fund is budgeted on a project basis rather than annually.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are governmental funds which include resources restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes by a grantor or the Board. Federally financed programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods are accounted for in these funds.

Internal Service Funds are proprietary funds used to account for activities such as workers' compensation self-insurance, self-funded health insurance, and employee health savings accounts. The District utilizes an Internal Service Fund to account for its participation in a workers' compensation shared risk pool.

Private Purpose Trust Funds are fiduciary funds used to account for donations for which the donors have stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District utilizes this fund type to account for money collected and held for the purpose of awarding scholarships to selected students.

Custodial Funds are fiduciary funds used to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. The District utilizes this fund type to account for funds held on behalf of student clubs and organizations.

Budgetary Information

Budgets are prepared annually for the General Fund, the Child Nutrition Fund, and the Debt Service Fund on the modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. A formal budget is prepared by the end of June and is adopted by the Board at a public meeting after public notice of the meeting has been given no earlier than the 30th day or later than the 10th day before the public hearing. The legal level of control for budgeted expenditures is the function level within the budgeted funds. Amendments to the budget are required prior to expending amounts greater than the budgeted amounts at the function level. Budgets are controlled at the departmental or campus level, the same level at which responsibility for operations is assigned. The budget was monitored by the administration throughout the year and amendments were brought to the Board as needed.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

<u>Investments</u> - The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by Section 2256 of the Texas Government Code ("Public Funds Investment Act"). The types of investments allowed under the Public Funds Investment Act are detailed in Note 2 - Deposits and Investments. The District's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act and the District's investment policies. The District accrues interest on temporary investments based on the terms and effective interest rates of the specific investments. Temporary investments throughout the year consisted of investments in external investment pools, which are recognized at amortized cost, and money market accounts.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are generally not recorded in the General Fund or Child Nutrition Fund due to amounts of expendable supplies held or purchased food not being deemed material. When inventories are recorded, they are charged to expenditures when consumed. Amounts recorded are offset by a fund balance classification titled "nonspendable" which indicates that the inventory does not represent "available expendable resources."

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, construction in progress, furniture and equipment, and vehicles are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$5,000 and a useful life of greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, if purchased, or estimated fair value at the date of donation, if donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets (other than land and construction in progress) are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements - fifteen to thirty years, furniture and equipment - three to twenty years, and vehicles - five to ten years.

<u>Prepaid Items</u> - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are charged to expenditures when consumed. When prepaid items are recorded, they are charged to expenditures when the value represented by the prepaid item has been used. Amounts recorded are offset by a fund balance classification titled "nonspendable" which indicates that the prepaid item amount does not represent "available expendable resources."

<u>Leases</u> - The District has entered into various lease agreements as a lessor. Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate, if available. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
 measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the
 District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or lease asset.

Lessee - The District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long- term debt on the statement of net position.

Ad Valorem Property Taxes - Delinquent taxes, when received, are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

<u>Accumulated Sick Leave Liability</u> - The State of Texas (the "State") has created a minimum sick leave program consisting of five days of sick leave per year with no limit on accumulation and transferability among districts for every person regularly employed in Texas public schools. Each district's local Board is required to establish a sick leave plan. Local school districts may provide additional sick leave beyond the state minimum.

<u>Pensions</u> - The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas ("TRS") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits - The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas TRS Care Plan (TRS-Care) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, which provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources, which represent a consumption of the District's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, and deferred inflows of resources, which represent the District's acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

<u>Fund Balance/Deficit</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

<u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> - For purposes of the statement of cash flows when Proprietary Funds are used, cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> - The District adopted GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows below:

- Level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market the entity has the ability to access
- Level 2 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available

There are three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value:

- Market approach uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities
- Cost approach uses the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost)
- Income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to present amounts based on current market expectations

Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes shown on the financial statements refer to the account code structure prescribed by the FASRG. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in their financial statements to ensure accuracy in building a state-wide data base for policy development and funding plans.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Public Funds Investment Act authorizes the District to invest in funds under a written investment policy, which is approved annually by the Board. The primary objectives of the District's investment strategy for operating and custodial funds, in order of priority, are safety, investment liquidity, and maturity sufficient to meet anticipated cash flow requirements. The primary objective of the District's investment strategy for Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds is sufficient investment liquidity to meet related obligations.

The District is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines established in the investment policy:

- Obligations of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities
- Certificates of deposit and share certificates
- Fully collateralized repurchase agreements
- Securities lending programs
- Banker's acceptances
- Commercial paper
- No-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds
- Public funds investment pools

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. Therefore the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Under the depository contract, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposit provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States Treasury Bill rates.

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$25,812,971 and the bank balance was \$26,007,435. The District's deposits with financial institutions at June 30, 2023 and during the year ended June 30, 2023 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name. The deposits were collateralized in accordance with Texas law and the District maintains copies of all safekeeping receipts in the name of the District.

The District maintains a cash pool consisting of demand deposits. The combined pool is available for use by most Special Revenue Funds. If a fund overdraws its share of the pool, the overdraft is reported as an interfund payable in that fund. The offsetting interfund receivable is reported in the General Fund.

The following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- a) Name of depository bank: Citizen National Bank, Texas
- b) The amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$34,035,183.
- c) The largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$30,454,166 and occurred during the month of February, 2023.
- d) Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of highest combined balance was \$250,000.

Investments held at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

		Weighted Average Maturity	Standard &
Investment Type	 Fair Value	(Days)	Poor's Rating
Local Government Investment Pools:			
Lone Star Investment Pool	\$ 82,200,869	1	AAAm
Texas CLASS	182	1	AAAm
Private Purpose Trust Funds			
Mutual Funds, ETF's, Equities, and Options	1,635,303	1	N/A
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,506,621	1	N/A
Total Investments	\$ 85,342,975		

The District had investments in two external local governmental investment pools at June 30, 2023, consisting of the Lone Star Investment Pool and Texas CLASS.

Lone Star (First Public)

The Corporate Overnight Fund is a fund within the Lone Star Investment Pool. Its objective is to maintain a stable \$1.00 per share net asset value (NAV), while it provides the highest possible rate of return. The fund represents one of three Texas public investment funds sponsored by the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB). The other funds--Government Overnight Fund and Corporate Overnight Plus Fund--also maintain S&P Global ratings. The Lone Star Investment Pool was created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act of the State of Texas as an investment vehicle for local school districts and other public entities. The funds within Lone Star Investment Pool are not registered mutual funds under the Investment Company Act of 1940, and are not available to individual investors.

The Lone Star Investment Pool is sponsored by TASB. The investment advisers to the pool are American Beacon Advisors and Standish. First Public LLC provides administrative and distribution services to the pool and State Street Bank is the custodian for all pool assets. In addition, CAPTRUST Financial Advisors monitors the pool's operations and performance and reports its findings to First Public and the board of trustees for the Lone Star Investment Pools.

Texas CLASS (Public Trust)

Texas CLASS is a local government investment pool created to meet the cash management and short-term investment needs of Texas governmental entities. Texas CLASS seeks to provide participants with a competitive market yield while maintaining daily liquidity and a stable net asset value. Fund management expects the fund to maintain a maximum dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less, and all investments will have a maximum maturity of 397 days or less, except for variable rate securities issued by the U.S. Treasury or agencies in instrumentalities, which carry a maximum maturity of 762 days. Eligible investments include securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies, or instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements.

Public Trust Advisors, LLC serves as the pool's administrator and investment adviser. The marketing and operation functions of the portfolio are also performed by Public Trust Advisors, LLC. The pool is subject to the general supervision of the Board of Trustees and its Advisory Board, both of which are elected by the Texas CLASS Participants. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. serves as custodian for the pool.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At June 30, 2023, investments were included in local governmental investment pools with ratings from Standard & Poor's in compliance with the District's investment policy.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the District, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At June 30, 2023, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. Information regarding investments in any one issuer that represents five percent or more of the District's total investments must be disclosed under GASB Statement No. 40, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. At June 30, 2023, the District had 100% of its investments in money market accounts and local governmental investment pools.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the District's investment policy requires that maturities will not exceed the weighted average maturity of 180 days for any internally created pool fund group and one year from the time of purchase for any other individual investment. The Board may specifically authorize a longer maturity for a given investment, within legal limits. The District considers the holdings in the local governmental investment pools to have a one day weighted average maturity due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholders, unless there has been a significant change in value. At June 30, 2023, investments were included in local government investment pools which have a weighted average maturity of one day.

3. PROPERTY TAXES

The Texas Legislature in 1979 adopted a comprehensive Property Tax Code (the "Code") which established a county-wide appraisal district and an appraisal review board in each county in the State. The Bell Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") is responsible for the recording and appraisal of all property in the District. Under the Code, the school board sets the tax rates on property and the Bell County Tax Assessor/Collector provides tax collection services. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Further, real property must be reappraised at least every three years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Property taxes are levied as of October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes and penalties and interest that are ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period, including those property taxes expected to be collected during a 60 day period after the end of the District's fiscal year. The assessed value at January 1, 2022, upon which the October 2022 levy was based was \$2,191,237,086. The District levied taxes based on a combined tax rate of \$1.2854 per \$100 of assessed valuation for local maintenance (general governmental services) and debt service.

4. DUE FROM/TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully fund certain activities. The District also receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Grants and entitlements are recorded as revenue when earned, therefore at year end amounts earned but not yet received in cash may be recorded as due from the grantor government. Amounts already received in cash but not yet earned are recorded as due to the grantor government.

A summary of amounts recorded as Due From/Due To Other Governments in the basic financial statements as of June 30, 2023 are summarized below:

Due From Other Governments:			Major	N	on-Major	
	General	De	ebt Service	Go	vernmental	
	Fund		Fund		Funds	Total
Governmental Activities:						
Foundation & Per Capita Entitlements	\$ 2,540,057	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,540,057
State Grants	-		-		105,402	105,402
Federal Grants	-		-		1,094,971	1,094,971
Miscellaneous	13,388		4,418		-	17,806
Total - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,553,445	\$	4,418	\$	1,200,373	\$ 3,758,236

5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

During the course of operations, the individual funds of the District may engage in temporary borrowings of money between one another to meet liquidity needs. These interfund receivables and payables are recorded on the balance sheet of the loaning fund as "Due from Other Funds" and on the balance sheet of the borrowing fund as "Due to Other Funds". Amounts are repaid when funds are available in the borrowing fund.

Individual funds may also make payments between one another which are intended to be permanent and therefore not repaid. These transactions are recorded on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance as "Transfers Out" for the paying fund and "Transfers In" for the receiving fund.

During the year, the General Fund transferred \$723 to the Child Nutrition Fund to provide for supplemental financing needs.

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	General Fund	\$ 156,870
	Special Revenue Funds	670,610
	Capital Projects Fund	 609,688
Total General Fund		 1,437,168
Grand Total		\$ 1,437,168

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance 7/1/22	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance 6/30/23	
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,453,296	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 1,553,296	
Construction in Progress		2,392,473		2,392,473	
Total Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated	1,453,296	2,492,473	-	3,945,769	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	106,232,491	49,846	-	106,282,337	
Furniture and Equipment	6,820,772	523,717	(343,871)	7,000,618	
Right to Use Leased Assets - Equipment	658,205	167,542	(33,917)	791,830	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	113,711,468	741,105	(377,788)	114,074,785	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(33,496,573)	(2,050,819)	-	(35,547,392)	
Furniture and Equipment	(5,565,103)	(304,276)	343,871	(5,525,508)	
Right to Use Leased Assets - Equipment	(354,809)	(165,591)	24,822	(495,578)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(39,416,485)	(2,520,686)	368,693	(41,568,478)	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 75,748,279	\$ 712,892	\$ (9,095)	\$ 76,452,076	

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the District as follows:

	Depreciation
Function	Allocation
Instruction	\$ 1,217,047
Instructional Resources & Media Services	18,939
Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	44,322
Instructional Leadership	64,741
School Leadership	126,580
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	99,864
Social Work Services	8,688
Health Services	19,542
Student Transportation	78,640
Food Services	146,240
Extracurricular Activities	85,664
General Administration	96,204
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	299,243
Security and Monitoring Services	20,667
Data Processing Services	41,890
Community Services	35,898
Payments to Member Dist. of SSA	105,865
Payments to JJAEP Program	2,583
Other Intergovernmental Charges	8,069
Totals	\$ 2,520,686

7. BONDS, NOTES, AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental activities long-term debt obligations at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

General Long-Term Debt Description	Outstanding at June 30, 2023
Bonds Payable: \$37,999,943 Series 2009 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, CAB's only remaining, due in four future fully accreted payments of \$2,140,000, February 15, 2026 through February 2029.	\$ 6,807,370
\$6,525,000 Series 2013 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$945,000 to \$985,000 through February 15, 2025; interest at 2.00% to 3.00%.	1,955,000
\$18,520,000 Series 2016 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$420,000 to \$525,000 through February 15, 2036; interest at 3.00% to 5.00%.	5,915,000
\$33,345,000 Series 2016 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$960,000 to \$3,655,000 through February 15, 2039; interest at 2.94% to 5.00%.	31,455,000
\$3,915,000 Series 2019 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$250,000 to \$350,000 through June 30, 2029; interest at 4.00% to 5.00%.	1,840,000
\$10,359,973 Series 2021 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$150,000 to \$3,220,000 through June 30, 2041; interest at 1.90% to 5.00%.	10,322,372
\$79,010,000 Series 2023 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds due in annual installments of \$365,000 to \$5,945,000 through June 30, 2048; interest at 4.00% to 5.00%.	79,010,000
Right To Use Leases Payable \$8,058 RTU Leases Payable for Copier Machines, financed through Konica Premier Finance for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$183 through November 2023; interest at 4.34%.	906
\$59,849 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$1,173 through December 2024; interest at 4.00%.	16,798
\$7,279 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$164 through February 2024; interest at 4.00%.	1,295
\$17,423 RTU Leases Payable for Copier Machines, financed through Konica Premier Finance for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$396 through May 2024; interest at 4.3478%.	4,264
\$55,910 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$1,263 through June 2024; interest at 4.00%.	14,824
\$18,832 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$452 through July 2024; interest at 4.00%.	5,401
\$23,665 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$534 through August 2024; interest at 4.00%.	7,297

Right To Use Leased Assets Payable (Cont.) \$102,705 RTU Leases Payable for Copier Machines, financed through Konica Premier Finance for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$2,335 through October 2024; interest at 4.378%. \$81,189 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$1,833 through October 2024; interest at 4.00%. \$37,800 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 24,328	Outstanding at June 30, 2023
\$102,705 RTU Leases Payable for Copier Machines, financed through Konica Premier Finance for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$2,335 through October 2024; interest at 4.378%. \$81,189 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 28,516 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$1,833 through October 2024; interest at 4.00%. \$37,800 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 24,328	June 30, 2023
month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$1,833 through October 2024; interest at 4.00%. \$37,800 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 24,328	20,222
	-0,210
month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$853 through December 2025; interest at 4.00%.	,==
\$36,515 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$824 through January 2026; interest at 4.00%.	1 21,211
\$11,818 RTU Leases Payable for Equipment, financed through John Deere for a 36 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$252 through February 2025; interest at 4.699%.	0,155
\$147,056 RTU Leases Payable for Equipment, financed through John Deere for a 36 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$3,270 through July 2025; interest at 6.10%.	110,100
\$8,914 RTU Leases Payable for Fleet Vehicles, financed through Enterprise Fleet for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$200 through 2026; interest at 3.58%.	7,101
\$11,572 RTU Leases Payable for Copier Machines, financed through Konica Premier Finance for a 48 month term, due in remaining monthly installments of \$258 through April 2027; interest at 3.54%.	10,000
Compens ated Absences: Accumulated Unpaid Compensated Absences 126,262	126,262
Total General Long-Term Debt \$ 137,736,460	\$ 137,736,460

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Outstanding			Current		Outstanding	Due in
7/1/22	Additions	Deletions	Accretion	Adj.	6/30/23	One Year
\$60,485,903	\$79,010,000	\$ (2,725,000)	\$ 533,839	\$ -	\$ 137,304,742	\$ 3,205,000
7,069,614	4,233,584	(592,597)			10,710,601	
67,555,517	83,243,584	(3,317,597)	533,839		148,015,343	3,205,000
397,477	167,542	(251,410)	-	(8,153)	305,456	152,127
159,123	-	(32,861)			126,262	12,626
556,600	167,542	(284,271)		(8,153)	431,718	164,753
\$68,112,117	\$83,411,126	\$ (3,601,868)	\$ 533,839	\$ (8,153)	\$ 148,447,061	\$ 3,369,753
	7/1/22 \$60,485,903 7,069,614 67,555,517 397,477 159,123 556,600	7/1/22 Additions \$60,485,903 \$79,010,000 7,069,614 4,233,584 67,555,517 83,243,584 397,477 167,542 159,123 - 556,600 167,542	7/1/22 Additions Deletions \$60,485,903 \$79,010,000 \$ (2,725,000) 7,069,614 4,233,584 (592,597) 67,555,517 83,243,584 (3,317,597) 397,477 167,542 (251,410) 159,123 - (32,861) 556,600 167,542 (284,271)	7/1/22 Additions Deletions Accretion \$60,485,903 \$79,010,000 \$ (2,725,000) \$ 533,839 7,069,614 4,233,584 (592,597) - 67,555,517 83,243,584 (3,317,597) 533,839 397,477 167,542 (251,410) - 159,123 - (32,861) - 556,600 167,542 (284,271) -	7/1/22 Additions Deletions Accretion Adj. \$60,485,903 \$79,010,000 \$ (2,725,000) \$ 533,839 \$ - 7,069,614 4,233,584 (592,597) - - 67,555,517 83,243,584 (3,317,597) 533,839 - 397,477 167,542 (251,410) - (8,153) 159,123 - (32,861) - - 556,600 167,542 (284,271) - (8,153)	7/1/22 Additions Deletions Accretion Adj. 6/30/23 \$60,485,903 \$79,010,000 \$ (2,725,000) \$ 533,839 \$ - \$ 137,304,742 7,069,614 4,233,584 (592,597) - 10,710,601 67,555,517 83,243,584 (3,317,597) 533,839 - 148,015,343 397,477 167,542 (251,410) - (8,153) 305,456 159,123 - (32,861) - - 126,262 556,600 167,542 (284,271) - (8,153) 431,718

The following is a summary of changes to deferred charges on bond refundings for the period ended June 30, 2023.

Type	7/1/22	Additions	Deletions	6/30/23
Deferred Charges on Bond Refundings	\$ 2,663,287	\$ -	\$(156,664)	\$ 2,506,623

For the general obligation bonds, the District has pledged as collateral the proceeds of a continuing, direct annual tax levied against taxable property within the District. The Texas Education Code generally limits issuance of additional ad valorem tax bonds if the tax rate needed to pay aggregate principal and interest amounts of the District's tax bond indebtedness would exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District.

Annual principal installments for outstanding bonds vary each year. The debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

			В	onds Payable				
Year Ended	Accumulated							Total
June 30,	Principal Accretion		Accretion		Interest	Re	equirements	
2024	\$	3,205,000	\$	-	\$	4,603,693	\$	7,808,693
2025		4,460,000		-		5,277,328		9,737,328
2026		2,785,374		1,581,695		5,074,028		9,441,097
2027		2,874,472		1,516,670		4,952,728		9,343,870
2028		2,977,251		1,452,478		4,825,528		9,255,257
2029-2033		25,222,846		1,386,584		21,509,128		48,118,558
2034-2038		32,622,348		79,539		15,275,480		47,977,367
2039-2043		29,322,625		282,860		8,745,810		38,351,295
2044-2048		27,535,000		-		3,390,400		30,925,400
Total	\$	131,004,916	\$	6,299,826	\$	73,654,120	\$	210,958,862

Leases are defined by the general government as the right to use an underlying asset. As lessee, the District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-of-use lease asset at the beginning of a lease unless the lease is considered a short-term lease or transfers ownership of the underlying asset. Right-of-use lease assets are measured based on the net present value of the future lease payments at inception, using the weighted average cost of capital, which approximate the incremental borrowing rate. Remeasurement of a lease liability occurs when there is a change in the lease term and/or other changes that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability.

The District calculates the amortization of the discount on the lease liability and report that amount as outflows of resources. Payments are allocated first to accrued interest liability and then to the lease liability. Variable lease payments based on the usage of the underlying assets are not included in the lease liability calculations but are recognized as outflows of resources in the period in which the obligation was incurred.

The debt service requirement for right to use leased assets payable as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		RTU Leas	es Pa	ayable		
Year Ended						Total
June 30,	I	Principal		Interest	Rec	uirements
2024	\$	152,127	\$	11,577	\$	163,704
2025		87,750		5,615		93,365
2026		62,851		573		63,424
2027		2,728		37		2,765
Total	\$	305,456	\$	17,802	\$	323,258

Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements are defined by the general government as the right to use an underlying information technology subscription asset. As lessee, the District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-of-use lease asset at the beginning of a lease unless the lease is considered a short-term lease or transfers ownership of the underlying asset. SBITA's are measured based on the net present value of the future lease payments at inception, using the weighted average cost of capital, which approximate the incremental borrowing rate. Remeasurement of a lease liability occurs when there is a change in the lease term and/or other changes that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability.

The District calculates the amortization of the discount on the SBITA and report that amount as outflows of resources. Payments are allocated first to accrued interest liability and then to the lease liability. Variable lease payments based on the usage of the underlying assets are not included in the lease liability calculations but are recognized as outflows of resources in the period in which the obligation was incurred.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District did not have any SBITA liabilities.

8. TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS PENSION PLAN

A. Pension Plan Description

The Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS or System or Plan) is a public employee retirement system (PERS) that is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation. The Plan is administered by the Board of Trustees of TRS. Information regarding the Board of TRS and its composition can be found within the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report within Note 1 to the financial statements. That report may be obtained online at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits are established or amended under the authority of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and by the Legislature in the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefits.

B. Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Membership in the Plan includes all employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempt from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002.

State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as a supplemental payment to the retirees. The pension became actuarially sound in May 2019 when the 86th Texas legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provided gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees for the fiscal years 2019 through 2024.

C. Contributors to the Plan

Contributors to the Plan include active members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is also the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies, including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with State Statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

The number of participating employers during fiscal year 2022 are disclosed in the following table.

Participating Employers	
Independent School Districts	1,021
Charter Schools (open enrollment only)	197
Community and Junior Colleges	50
Senior Colleges and Universities	48
Regional Service Centers	20
Medical Schools	9
Educational Districts	2
State Agency	1
Total	1,348

Plan membership as of August 31, 2021 is shown in the following table. Because the actuarial valuation was based on a roll forward from fiscal year 2021 (see Section F), the Plan membership counts are as of August 31, 2021.

Pension Plan Membership	
Retired plan members or beneficiaries	458,133
currently receiving benefits	
Inactive plan members entitled to but	501,241
not yet receiving benefits	
Active plan members	918,545
	1,877,919

The Average Expected Remaining Service Life (AERSL) of 5.7052 years is based on membership information as of the beginning of the fiscal year.

D. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to the following state laws:

- Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution requires the legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.
- Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if it increases the amortization period of TRS' unfunded actuarial liability to greater than 31 years or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

As the non-employer contributing entity, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the Plan during the fiscal year, reduced by the employer contributions described below.

All participating employers and the State of Texas, as the employer for senior universities and medical schools, are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following situations:

- On the portion of a member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal, private, local or non-educational and general funds
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Employers are also required to pay surcharges in the following cases:

- All public schools, charter schools and regional education service centers must contribute 1.7 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of TRS, the employer shall pay an amount equal to the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Contribution rates and amounts for active employees, participating employers, and the State of Texas for the current and prior fiscal year are shown below:

Contribution Rates	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>			
Members	8.00%		8.00%		
Employer	7.75%		8.00%		
State of Texas (NECE)	7.75%		8.00%		
Contribution Amounts					
Members	\$ 1,811,841	\$	1,914,787		
Employer	821,065		935,655		
State of Texas (NECE)	1,301,899		1,253,974		

E. Net Pension Liability

Components of the Net Pension Liability of the Plan as of August 31, 2022 are disclosed below:

Components of Pension Liability	<u>Total</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$ 243,553,045,455
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(184,185,617,196)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 59,367,428,259
Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability	75.62%

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Roll Forward

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2022.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2021 and were adopted in July 2022.

The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioners Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published projection scale ("U-MP"). The active mortality rates were based on the published PUB(2010) Mortality Tables for Teachers, below median, also with full generational mortality.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 are summarized in the chart below.

A (CI	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real	Expected Contribution to Long- Term Portfolio
Asset Class	0/0**	Rate of Return*	Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	4.60%	
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.90%	
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.40%	75.00%
Private Equity*	14.00%	7.70%	1.50%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	1.00%	0.22%
Absolute Return*	0.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	3.40%	18.00%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.10%	0.94%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6.00%	5.10%	0.37%
Commodities	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.60%	43.00%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.00)%	3.60%	-0.05%
Inflation Expectation	` '		2.70%
Volatility Drag****			-0.91%
Expected Return	100.00%		8.19%

 $[*]Absolute\ Return\ includes\ Credit\ Sensitive\ Investments.$

The following table discloses the assumptions that were applied to this measurement period on the next page.

 $[\]hbox{***Target allocations are based on the FY 2022 policy model.}$

^{***} Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon He witt (as of 08/31/2022)

^{****}The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date August 31, 2021 rolled forward

to August 31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value Single Discount Rate 7.00% Long-Term Expected Rate 7.00%

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2022 3.91% - The source for the rate is the

> Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year

Municipal GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period (100 years)

2121 Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 2.95% to 8.95% including inflation

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes

The actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 12, 2021.

G. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25 percent to 7.00 percent.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

The following table presents the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption						
1% Decrease Current Single Discount Rate 1% Increase						
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%			
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:	\$ 16,587,489	\$ 10,662,938	\$ 5,860,812			

J. District Net Pension Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, and Pension Expense

The Net Pension Liability of the Plan as a whole was last measured as of August 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District was assigned a proportion of the Plan's Net Pension Liability based on the District's contributions to the Plan relative to the contributions of all employers for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

The table below presents a two-year comparison of the District's assigned proportion and resulting proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability, as well as the State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the District.

		Measurement Date						
		8/31/21		8/31/22		8/31/22		Change
District's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	0.0	00168895942	0.0	00179609236	0.0	00010713294		
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	4,301,182	\$	10,662,938	\$	6,361,756		
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability								
Associated with the District		7,495,789		15,965,774		8,469,985		
Total Pension Liability	\$	11,796,971	\$	26,628,712	\$	14,831,741		

At June 30, 2023, Taylor Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 154,612	\$ 232,472
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,986,852	495,179
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	4,142,980	3,089,515
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	652,525	577,679
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	794,019	-
Total	\$ 7,730,988	\$ 4,394,845

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended	Pension Expense
August 31,	Amount
2023	\$ 618,331
2024	298,982
2025	76,427
2026	1,311,145
2027	237,239
Thereafter	-

For the year ended June 30, 2023, Taylor Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$213,049 and revenue of \$1,526,148 for support provided by the State.

9. EMPLOYEE HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

During the year ended June 30, 2023, employees of the District were covered by the state-wide health insurance plan, TRS Active Care. The District contributed \$376 per month per employee to the Plan, the State provided an additional \$75 per month per employee, and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions or premiums for dependents. TRS manages TRS Active Care. The Plan is administered by Aetna while Caremark was assigned the prescription drug plan.

10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN - TRS-CARE

A. Plan Description

The Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) is a multiple- employer, cost-sharing, defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The Board of Trustees of TRS administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards. Further detailed information regarding TRS and TRS-Care is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for TRS that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

B. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS-Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th legislature also passed Senate Bill 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures. This amount is estimated at \$300,000,000 as of August 31, 2022.

C. Contributors to TRS-Care

Contributors to the plan include active and retired members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity.

During fiscal year 2022, the number of participating employers are presented in the following table.

Participating Employers	
Independent School Districts	1,020
Open Enrollment Charter Schools	197
Regional Service Centers	20
Other Educational Districts	2
Total	1,239

TRS-Care plan membership as of August 31, 2021 is shown in the following table. Because the actuarial valuation was based on a roll-forward (See Section F), the counts are as of that date.

1RS-Care Plan Membership	
Active plan members	751,105
Inactive plan members currently	188,016
receiving benefits	
Inactive plan members entitled to but	13,014
not yet receiving benefits	
Total	952,135

The Average Expected Remaining Service Life (AERSL) of 9.2179 is based on the membership information as of the beginning of the fiscal year.

D. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in State Statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions; and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers are based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

At the inception of the plan, funding was projected to last 10 years through fiscal year 1995. The original funding was sufficient to maintain the solvency of the fund through fiscal year 2000. Since that time, appropriations and contributions have been established to fund the benefits for each successive biennium.

Section 1575.202 of the Texas Insurance Code establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee rate which is 0.65 percent of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75 percent of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2022.

Contribution rates and amounts for active employees, participating employers, and the State of Texas for the current and prior fiscal year are shown below.

Contribution Rates	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Members	0.65%	0.65%
Employer	0.75%	0.75%
State of Texas	1.25%	1.25%
Federal/Private Funding*	1.25%	1.25%
Contribution Amounts		
Members	\$ 148,135	\$ 155,577
Employer	203,957	215,570
State of Texas (NECE)	229,747	221,289

^{*} Contributions paid from federal funds and private grants are remitted by the employer and paid at the State rate.

All employers whose employees are covered by the TRS pension plan are also required to pay a surcharge of \$535 per month when employing a retiree of TRS. The TRS-Care surcharges for fiscal year 2022 totaled \$11,849,525.

A supplemental appropriation was authorized by Senate Bill 8 of the third-called legislature that granted \$83 million to TRS-Care from the federal American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray Covid-19-related health care costs during fiscal year 2022. The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates				
	M	ledicare	Non-	Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

E. Net OPEB Liability

Components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2022 are disclosed in the following table.

Components of OPEB Liability	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 27,061,942,520
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (3,117,937,218)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 23,944,005,302
	-

11.52%

The Net OPEB Liability decreased by \$14.7 billion, from \$38.6 billion as of August 31, 2021, to \$23.9 billion as of August 31, 2022. The decrease was due to a combination of favorable claims experience, changes in participation assumptions, and a large increase in the discount rate from 1.95 percent to 3.91 percent.

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Roll Forward

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2022.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex.

Demographic Assumptions

The rates of mortality, retirement, termination and disability incidence are identical to the assumptions used to value the pension liabilities of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

Mortality Assumptions

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2018.

Election Rates

Normal Retirement - 65 percent participation rate prior to age 65 and 25 percent participation rate after age 65. Pre-65 retirees - 30 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.

Health Care Trend Rates

The initial medical trend rates were 8.25 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.25 percent for non-Medicare retirees. The initial prescription drug trend rate was 8.25 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 13 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date August 31, 2021, rolled forward to August 31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry-Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 3.91% as of August 31, 2022
Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery

of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted

claims costs.

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

G. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.91 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This was an increase of 1.96 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Since the plan is a pay-as-you-go plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

H. Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The single discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent, as of August 31, 2022. Lower participation rates and updates to the health care trend rate assumptions were also factors that decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the plan using the discount rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher, as well as what the Net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, 2.91 percent or one percentage point higher, 4.91 percent, than the AA/Aa rate. The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index", as of August 31, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption				
	1% Decrease	Current Single	1% Increase	
	2.91%	Discount Rate 3.91%	4.91%	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 7,078,415	\$ 6,003,341	\$ 5,132,393	

J. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumptions

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one-percent higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption				
		Current		
	Healthcare Cos			
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 4,946,780	\$ 6,003,341	\$ 7,373,036	

K. District Net OPEB Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB, and OPEB Expense

The Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care program as a whole was last measured as of August 31, 2022 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District was assigned a proportion of TRS Care's Net OPEB Liability based on the District's contributions to the program relative to the contributions of all employers for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

The table below presents a two-year comparison of the District's assigned proportion and resulting proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability, as well as the State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability associated with the District.

The table below presents a two-year comparison of the District's assigned proportion and resulting proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability, as well as the State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability associated with the District.

	Measurement Date					
		8/31/21		8/31/22		Change
District's Proportion of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	(0.000249887640		0.000250724174	0.	.000000836534
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	9,639,283	\$	6,003,341	\$	(3,635,942)
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability						
Associated with the District		12,914,491		7,323,133		(5,591,358)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	22,553,774	\$	13,326,474	\$	(9,227,300)

At June 30, 2023, Taylor Independent School District reported its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	ofResources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 333,765	\$ 5,001,322
Changes in actuarial assumptions	914,428	4,170,764
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	17,947	65
Change in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	114,369	911,369
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	205,232	=
Total	\$ 1,585,741	\$ 10,083,520

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended	OPEB Expense
August 31,	Amount
2023	\$ (1,620,248)
2024	(1,620,185)
2025	(1,365,606)
2026	(1,020,945)
2027	(1,127,707)
Thereafter	(1,948,320)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, Taylor Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$1,176,992) and revenue of (\$1,039,210) for support provided by the State.

11. FRINGE BENEFITS PAID BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$128,628 and \$71,609, respectively.

12. FUND BALANCES

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Those fund balance classifications are below.

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers, or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to approval by formal action by the Board.

<u>Assigned</u> - For the General Fund, the Board, or an official or body that has been delegated authority by the Board, may appropriate amounts that are to be used for a specific purpose. For all other governmental funds, any remaining positive amounts not previously classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

A detail of the fund balance amounts within each category is included on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific purpose by formal action of the Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a resolution approved by the Board. The Board has delegated authority to the Superintendent to assign fund balance for a specific purpose. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance.

13. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General	Major Debt Service	Major Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental		Trust	Custodial	
Туре	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Total
Property Taxes	\$20,751,175	\$ 7,386,958	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$28,138,133
Tuition and Fees	207,219	-	-	-	-	-	-	207,219
Investment Income	693,827	177,891	630,506	102,418	-	35,787	20,261	1,660,690
Rent	29,449	-	=	-	-	-	=	29,449
Gifts	-	-	=	604,762	-	51,139	=	655,901
Insurance Recovery	31,051	-	=	-	-	-	=	31,051
Food Sales	-	-	-	344,546	-	=	=	344,546
Athletics	73,771	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,771
Interfund Services	-	-	-	-	124,251	=	=	124,251
Enterprising Revenues	-	-	-	-	-	=	408,876	408,876
Misc. Local Revenue	459,341		-	133,109		187,840		780,290
Total	\$22,245,833	\$ 7,564,849	\$ 630,506	\$ 1,184,835	\$ 124,251	\$ 274,766	\$ 429,137	\$32,454,177

14. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following amounts:

Fund	State Grants		Federal Grants		Total	
General Fund	\$	924	\$	-	\$	924
Debt Service Fund		66,964		-		66,964
Non-Major Governmental Funds		30,272		2,958		33,230
Total	\$	98,160	\$	2,958	\$	101,118

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District's risk management program includes coverages through third party insurance providers for property, automobile liability, school professional liability, crime, workers' compensation, and other miscellaneous bonds. During the year ended June 30, 2023, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Losses in excess of the various deductible levels are covered through traditional indemnity coverage for buildings and contents, and vehicle liability with various insurance firms. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance limits for the past three years.

16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in a number of federal financial assistance programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of *Government Auditing Standards* and when applicable, the Uniform Guidance, for the year ended June 30, 2023, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits performed by the specific grantors. These audits, if performed, could result in amounts of expenditures being disallowed by the granting agencies and subject to repayment. The District however expects that such amounts, if any, would be immaterial.

17. SELF-INSURANCE FUND

The District has a partially self-insured workers' compensation plan administered by Texas Public School's Workers' Compensation Project ("SchoolComp") which is an insurance pool. The District established an Internal Service Fund to account for and finance this partially uninsured risk of loss. The District is obligated to pay its own claims up to \$63,884 per claim. The estimated liability for worker's compensation claims at year-end, including those incurred but not reported ("IBNR"), was \$87,141.

18. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION POOL

During the year ended June 30, 2023, Taylor Independent School District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Fund anticipates that Taylor Independent School District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution. The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2022, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

19. SHARED SERVICES ARRANGEMENT - FISCAL AGENT

Shared Services Arrangement - Fiscal Agent

The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Services Arrangement (SSA) which provides special education services to the member districts listed below. All services are provided by the fiscal agent. The member districts provide the funds to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in the FASRG, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities using a special revenue fund, Shared Services Arrangements – Special Education.

Expenditures of the SSA are summarized below:

		Special			
	E	Education			
Member Districts	Ex	Expenditures			
Coupland ISD	\$	110,440			
Granger ISD		239,960			
Taylor ISD		1,914,573			
Thrall ISD		422,147			
Totals	\$	2,687,120			

20. TAX LIMITATION AGREEMENTS

The District has entered in several agreements to apply a limitation on the appraised value of property used for the purpose of calculating assessed Maintenance and Operations (M&O) school property taxes. These tax limitation agreements are pursuant to Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code. Value limitation agreements are part of a state program, originally created in 2001 which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for M&O for a period of years specified in statute. The project(s) must be consistent with the State's goal to "encourage large scale capital investments in this State." Chapter 313 grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation, and Texas Priority projects.

Each applicant is required to meet a series of capital investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by State law. At the time of an application's approval, it has been determined by both the District's Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller's Office that the project(s) would meet these standards. After approval, the applicants' companies must maintain a viable presence in the District for the entire period of the value limitation plus a period of years thereafter. In addition, there are specific reporting requirements, which are monitored on an annual and biennial basis in order to ensure relevant job, wage, and operational requirements are being met.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The following table lists each agreement the District has entered into as of June 30, 2023:

	Application	Date of		First Full
Applying Entity	Number	Agreement	Phase	Tax Year
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC	1620	11/15/2021	Report Phase	2024
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 2)	2052	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2035
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 3)	2053	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2036
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 4)	2054	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2037
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 5)	2055	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2038
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 6)	2056	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2039
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 7)	2057	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2040
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 8)	2058	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2041
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 9)	2059	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2042
Samsung Austin Semiconductor, LLC (Fab 10)	2060	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2043
Linde Inc.	2068	12/29/2022	Agreement Phase	2028

For the agreements shown above which are in the reporting phase, the following information is provided regarding taxable value limitations and the net benefit (loss) to the District for the year ended June 30, 2023.

				(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(B+C+D-A)
		Value of						
		Qualified	M&O			Extraord.		
		Property	Taxable	Gross Tax	Revenue	Education		Net Benefit
	App.	(Before	Value (After	Savings to	Protection	Expense	Suppl.	(Loss) to
Applying Entity	Number	Limitation)	Limitation)	Entity	Pay ments	Payments	Payments	the District
Samsung Austin								
Semiconductor LLC	1620	\$ 55,000,000	55,000,000	_	_	_		_

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Measureme	nt V	ear		
		2022		2021	111 1	2020		2019
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	(0.0179609236%	(0.0168895942%	0.0	0161272563%	0.0	180524355%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	10,662,938	\$	4,301,182	\$	8,637,429	\$	9,384,220
State's Proportionate Share of the District Net Pension Liability		15,965,774		7,495,789		16,245,680		16,122,798
Total Pension Liability	\$	26,628,712	\$	11,796,971	\$	24,883,109	\$	25,507,018
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	22,789,997	\$	21,853,216	\$	21,584,844	\$	21,568,149
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		46.79%		19.68%		40.02%		43.51%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net Pension Liability		75.62%		88.79%		75.54%		75.24%

The amounts presented are determined as of the Plan's measurement year which was as of August 31 in each prior calendar year from the District's fiscal year end.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the adoption of GASB 68.

			I	Meas	surement Year	•			
	2018		2017		2016	2015		2014	
0.0	0189856940%	0.0	187069301%	0.0	0188552680%	0.0	202277000%	0.0	148237000%
\$	10,450,187	\$	5,981,468	\$	7,136,560	\$	7,150,223	\$	3,959,615
	17,977,428		10,718,092		12,987,024		12,807,228		10,560,409
\$	28,427,615	\$	16,699,560	\$	20,123,584	\$	19,957,451	\$	14,520,024
\$	18,070,789	\$	21,030,187	\$	20,643,228	\$	20,639,198	\$	20,083,893
	57.83%		28.44%		34.57%		34.64%		19.72%
	73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS – TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Fisca	l Yea	ar	
	2023	2022		2021	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 935,655	\$ 821,065	\$	698,347	\$ 667,893
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(935,655)	 (821,065)		(698,347)	 (667,893)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 23,934,827	\$ 22,789,997	\$	21,583,216	\$ 21,584,844
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	3.91%	3.60%		3.24%	3.09%

The amounts presented are as of the District's fiscal year end of June 30.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the inception of GASB 68 and will eventually reflect ten years of data.

			E' 137		
_	2019	2018	Fis cal Year 2017	2016	2015
\$	629,996	\$ 675,435	\$ 601,960	\$ 601,649	\$ 576,227
	(629,996)	 (675,435)	 (601,960)	(601,649)	 (576,227)
\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$2	1,568,149	\$ 18,070,789	\$ 21,030,187	\$ 20,643,228	\$ 20,639,198
	2.92%	3.74%	2.86%	2.91%	2.79%

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY – TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Measurer	nent	Year		
		2022		2021		2020		2019
District's Proportion of the Net Liability for Other Post Employment Benefits	0.0	250724174%	0.0	249887640%	0.0	248427161%	0.0	258333111%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability	\$	6,003,341	\$	9,639,283	\$	9,443,838	\$	12,216,888
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability Associated with the District		7,323,133		12,914,491		12,690,255		16,233,513
Total Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	\$	13,326,474	\$	22,553,774	\$	22,134,093	\$	28,450,401
District's Covered Payroll	\$	22,789,997	\$	21,853,216	\$	21,584,844	\$	21,568,149
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		26.34%		44.11%		43.75%		56.64%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net OPEB Liability		11.52%		6.18%		4.99%		2.66%

The amounts presented are determined as of the Plan's measurement year which was as of August 31 in each prior calendar year from the District's fiscal year end.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the adoption of GASB 75.

	Measurer	nent	Year
	2018		2017
0.0	272550661%	0.0	272578757%
\$	13,608,704	\$	11,853,428
	18,487,031		16,127,859
\$	32,095,735	\$	27,981,287
\$	18,070,789	\$	21,030,187
	75.31%		56.36%
	1.57%		0.91%

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS – TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Fiscal	l Yea	nr	
	2023	2022		2021	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 215,570	\$ 203,957	\$	192,970	\$ 187,746
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (215,570)	(203,957)		(192,970)	(187,746)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 23,934,827	\$ 22,789,997	\$	21,583,216	\$ 21,584,844
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.90%	0.89%		0.89%	0.87%

The amounts presented are as of the District's fiscal year end of June 30.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the inception of GASB 75 and will eventually reflect ten years of data.

	F	Siscal Year	
2019		2018	2017
\$ 187,145	\$	161,727	\$ 141,725
 (187,145)		(161,727)	(141,725)
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
\$ 21,568,149	\$	18,070,789	\$ 21,030,187
0.87%		0.89%	0.67%

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Teacher Retirement System

Actuarial Assumptions

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was used in the actuarial valuation for determining the actuarially determined contribution rate and the Net Pension Liability in accordance with GASB 68. Actuarial methods and assumptions used for funding purposes can be found in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas Pension Plan note to the financial statements.

Changes of Benefit Terms

State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as a supplemental payment to the retirees. The pension became actuarially sound in May 2019 when the 86th Texas legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provided gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees for the fiscal years 2019 through 2024.

Changes of Assumptions

- The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability.
- These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study.
- The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25 percent to 7.00 percent.

Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial methods and assumptions used for funding purposes can be found in the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan – TRS-Care note to the financial statements.

Changes of Benefit Terms

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS-Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th legislature also passed Senate Bill 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures. This amount is estimated at \$300,000,000 as of August 31, 2022.

Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- The single discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent, as of August 31, 2022.
- Lower participation rates and updates to the health care trend rate assumptions were also factors that decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

211 240 244

Data Control Codes	ESEA, Title I, Part A			National eakfast and ach Program	Career and Technical- Basic Grant	
ASSETS						
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	2,028,079	\$	-
1240 Due from Other Governments		237,352		128,692		=
1290 Other Receivables		-		834		-
1000 Total Assets	\$	237,352	\$	2,157,605	\$	_
LIABILITIES						
2110 Accounts Payable	\$	5,031	\$	329,909	\$	-
2160 Accrued Wages Payable		118,881		2,459		=
2170 Due to Other Funds		113,440		-		-
2300 Unearned Revenues		-		-		-
2000 Total Liabilities		237,352		332,368		
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted		-		1,825,237		=
3470 Capital Acq. and Contractual Oblig.		-		-		-
Assigned for:						
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance		=		=		=
3000 Total Fund Balances		-		1,825,237		-
4000 Total Liab., Def. Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	237,352	\$	2,157,605	\$	-

255 263 265 266 281 282 287

ES	EA, Title II,										Title	IV, Part
	Part A	Title I	II, Part A	Title	e IV, Part B	ESSER I	ES	SER II	E	SSER III	A, Sı	ıbpart 1
\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
	24,103		760		138,259	-		-		255,782		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-
\$	24,103	\$	760	\$	138,259	\$ -	\$	-	\$	255,782	\$	-
\$	2,733	\$	-	\$	3,531	\$ =	\$	-	\$	7,515	\$	-
	10,334		-		56,843	-		-		7,501		-
	11,036		760		77,885	-		-		240,766		-
	-		-		-	=		-		-		-
	24,103		760		138,259	 -		-		255,782		-
	_		_		_	_		_		_		_
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-
\$	24,103	\$	760	\$	138,259	\$ -	\$	-	\$	255,782	\$	-

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	288		289		313		
Data Control Codes	LEP Summer School			Emergency Connectivity Fund		Shared Services Arrangements- IDEA-Part B, Formula	
ASSETS							
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,958	\$	-	\$	-	
1240 Due from Other Governments		-		-		188,062	
1290 Other Receivables		-		-		-	
1000 Total Assets	\$	2,958	\$	-	\$	188,062	
LIABILITIES							
2110 Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	247	
2160 Accrued Wages Payable		-		-		103,218	
2170 Due to Other Funds		-		-		84,597	
2300 Unearned Revenues		2,958		-		-	
2000 Total Liabilities		2,958		-		188,062	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted for:							
3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted		-		-		-	
3470 Capital Acq. and Contractual Oblig.		-		-		-	
Assigned for:							
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-	-	-	
3000 Total Fund Balances		-		-			
4000 Total Liab., Def. Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	2,958	\$	-	\$	188,062	

	314		315		364	S	365 hared		367		397		410
S	hared	S	Shared	5	Shared		rvices	S	hared				
	Services		ervices	S	ervices	Arran	gements-	Se	ervices				
Arran	gements-	Arrai	ngements-	Arrai	ngements-		A-Part B,	Arrar	gements-	Adv	anced		State
	A-Part B,		A-Part B,		A-Part B,	Pre	school-		RP Act -	Plac	ement	Ins	tructional
	school	Disc	retionary	Forr	nula-ARP		ARP	Hoi	neless II	Ince	entives	Mate	rials Fund
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	272	\$	_
Ψ	1,040	Ψ	62,878	Ψ	43,989	Ψ	5,285	Ψ	8,769	Ψ	-	Ψ	23,012
	-		-		-		-		-		_		-
\$	1,040	\$	62,878	\$	43,989	\$	5,285	\$	8,769	\$	272	\$	23,012
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	375	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,012
	1.040		-		-		-		- 0.760		-		-
	1,040		62,878		43,989		4,910		8,769		- 272		=
	-		-		-		-		-		272		-
	1,040		62,878		43,989		5,285		8,769		272		23,012
	_		_		_		_		_		_		_
	-		-		-		_		_		-		_
	-		-		-		-		_		-		-
	_		-		-	-	-		-		_		-
\$	1,040	\$	62,878	\$	43,989	\$	5,285	\$	8,769	\$	272	\$	23,012

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		429	434		437	
Data Control Codes	State Funded Special Revenue Funds		Shared Services Arrangements- SSVI		Shared Services Arrangements- Special Education	
ASSETS						
 1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents 1240 Due from Other Governments 1290 Other Receivables 	\$	- 80,066 -	\$	2,324 -	\$	676,121 - -
1000 Total Assets	\$	80,066	\$	2,324	\$	676,121
LIABILITIES					-	
2110 Accounts Payable	\$	36,850	\$	-	\$	13,216
2160 Accrued Wages Payable		25,000		-		303,067
2170 Due to Other Funds2300 Unearned Revenues		18,216 -		2,324		-
2000 Total Liabilities		80,066		2,324		316,283
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:						
3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted		=		-		359,838
3470 Capital Acq. and Contractual Oblig. Assigned for:		-		-		-
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance		_		-		-
3000 Total Fund Balances				-		359,838
4000 Total Liab., Def. Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	80,066	\$	2,324	\$	676,121

461	499	699

Campus Activity Funds		Rural Excelerator CCMR Grant		on-Major Capital jects Fund	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds		
\$	556,685	\$	33,835	\$ 625,731	\$	3,923,681 1,200,373 834	
\$	556,685	\$	33,835	\$ 625,731	\$	5,124,888	
\$	5,874	\$	300 3,535 - 30,000	\$ - - - -	\$	428,593 630,838 670,610 33,230	
	5,874		33,835	 -		1,763,271	
	- - 550,811		- -	625,731		2,185,075 625,731 550,811	
			-	 -			
	550,811		-	 625,731		3,361,617	
\$	556,685	\$	33,835	\$ 625,731	\$	5,124,888	

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	211	240	244
Data Control	ESEA, Title I,	National Breakfast and	Career and Technical-
Codes	Part A	Lunch Program	Basic Grant
REVENUES			
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ 447,012	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	-	10,207	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	1,016,772	2,129,214	49,121
5020 Total Revenues	1,016,772	2,586,433	49,121
EXPENDITURES			
0011 Instruction	485,681	-	44,985
0012 Instructional Resources & Media Services	-	-	-
0013 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	371,648	-	4,136
0021 Instructional Leadership	79,288	-	-
0023 School Leadership	750	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	1,048	-	-
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	-
0033 Health Services	-	-	-
0034 Student Transportation	647	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	2,472,891	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-
0041 General Administration	-	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	129,712	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	-
0061 Community Services	77,710	-	-
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-		
6030 Total Expenditures	1,016,772	2,602,603	49,121
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures		(16,170)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
7915 Transfers In		723	
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		723	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(15,447)	-
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning		1,840,684	
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 1,825,237	\$ -

255	263	265	266	281	282	287
EA, Title II, Part A	Title III, Part A	Title IV, Part B	ESSER I	ESSER II	ESSER III	Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
157,162	12,821	306,726	6,262	306,990	1,829,910	73,977
157,162	12,821	306,726	6,262	306,990	1,829,910	73,977
122,652	12,045	150,193	6,262	132,312	828,301	62,272
-	-	-	-	-	4,565	-
33,970	676	35	-	-	132,675	11,705
540	100	139,866	-	-	225,949	-
-	-	-	-	6,081	38,443	-
-	-	-	-	-	94,926	-
-	-	-	-	-	147,208	-
-	-	-	-	5,644	55,969	-
-	-	16,632	-	120,432	45,329	-
-	-	-	-	-	4,058	-
-	-	-	-	-	35,276	-
-	-	-	-	1,014	37,028	-
-	-	-	-	19,728	91,305	-
-	-	-	-	-	55,504	-
-	-	-	-	21,779	12,174	-
-	-	-	-	-	21,200	-
-						
157,162	12,821	306,726	6,262	306,990	1,829,910	73,977
 -			<u>-</u>			
-		-		-		
 -	-		-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 -					·	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	LEP S	288 Summer hool	289 Emergency Connectivity Fund		313 Shared Services Arrangements- IDEA-Part B, Formula	
REVENUES						
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
5800 State Program Revenues		-		-		-
5900 Federal Program Revenues		-		40,000		1,127,017
5020 Total Revenues		-		40,000		1,127,017
EXPENDITURES						
0011 Instruction		_		40,000		795,428
0012 Instructional Resources & Media Services		-		_		-
0013 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development		-		-		2,269
0021 Instructional Leadership		-		-		571
0023 School Leadership		-		-		1,450
0031 Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services		-		-		327,299
0032 Social Work Services		-		-		-
0033 Health Services		-		-		-
0034 Student Transportation		-		-		-
0035 Food Services		-		-		-
0036 Extracurricular Activities		-		-		-
0041 General Administration		-		-		-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		-		-		-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		-		-		-
0053 Data Processing Services		-		-		-
0061 Community Services		-		-		-
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-		-		-
6030 Total Expenditures		-		40,000		1,127,017
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		-		-		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
7915 Transfers In		-		-		-
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning		-				<u>-</u>
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	

S Arra IDE	314 Shared ervices ngements- A-Part B, eschool	315 Shared Services Arrangements- IDEA-Part B, Discretionary	364 Shared Services Arrangements IDEA-Part B, Formula-ARP	Arr - ID P	365 Services angements- EA-Part B, reschool- ARP	Sh Ser Arrang ARI	ared vices gements-P Act - eless II	Adv Plac	397 vanced cement entives		410 State tructional erials Func
\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Ψ	=	_	ψ -	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	725	Ψ	160,589
	20,456	62,878	99,134	Ļ	5,465		8,769		-		-
	20,456	62,878			5,465		8,769		725		160,589
	20,120	02,070		<u> </u>	2,102		0,707		725		100,202
	20,456	62,878	89,528	}	5,000		-		-		160,589
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-	90)	465		-		725		-
	-	-	-		-		_		-		-
	-	-	9,516		-		- 8,769		-		-
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	20,456	62,878	99,134		5,465	. ———	8,769		725		160,589
	20,430	02,070			3,103		0,707		123		100,507
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Φ.	-	-			-		-		-		-
\$	=	\$ -	<u> </u>		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	429	434	437
	State Funded	Shared	Shared Services
Data Control	Special	Services	Arrangements-
Codes	Revenue Funds	Arrangements- SSVI	Special Education
REVENUES			
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	156,947	2,324	2,517,679
5900 Federal Program Revenues	-	-	- -
5020 Total Revenues	156,947	2,324	2,517,679
EXPENDITURES			
0011 Instruction	79,125	2,234	1,898,211
0012 Instructional Resources & Media Services	-	-,== :	-
0013 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	43,197	90	1,065
0021 Instructional Leadership	25,000	_	250,888
0023 School Leadership	_	_	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	_	-	281,300
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	- -
0033 Health Services	_	-	-
0034 Student Transportation	-	-	-
0035 Food Services	_	-	_
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-
0041 General Administration	-	-	9,554
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	-	246,102
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	9,625	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	-
0061 Community Services	-	-	-
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	_		
6030 Total Expenditures	156,947	2,324	2,687,120
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	_	_	(169,441)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
7915 Transfers In	_	_	
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(169,441)
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning	<u> </u>		529,279
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 359,838

	461	499	699)		
	Campus vity Funds	Rural Excelerator CCMR Grant	Non-M Capi Projects	tal		otal Non- Major vernmental Funds
\$	657,266	\$ 53,796	\$ 2	26,761	\$	1,184,835
φ	037,200	\$ 33,790	Φ 2	20,701	Φ	2,848,471
	-	_		-		7,252,674
	(57.20)	52.70(26.761		
	657,266	53,796		26,761		11,285,980
	-	2,261		-		5,000,413
	-	-		-		4,565
	-	-		-		602,746
	-	-		-		722,202
	-	-		-		46,724
	-	51,535		-		774,393
	-	-		-		147,208
	-	-		-		61,613
	-	-		-		183,040
	-	-		-		2,476,949
	214,568	-		-		249,844
	-	-	3	38,561		86,157
	-	-		-		486,847
	-	-		-		65,129
	-	-		-		33,953
	-	-		-		98,910
	-	-	4	49,846		49,846
	214,568	53,796	8	88,407		11,090,539
	442,698		(6	61,646)		195,441
	-			-		723
	-			_		723
	442,698			61,646)		196,164
	108,113	-		37,377		3,165,453
\$	550,811	\$ -		25,731	\$	3,361,617
_	,	·	- 0-			- / /- /

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		1	2	3
Last 10 Years E	nded	Tax Rat	tes	Assessed/Appraised Value for School
June 30,		Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes
2014	and prior years	Various	Various	Various
2015		1.17000	0.28000	\$ 880,144,970
2016		1.17000	0.28000	909,232,902
2017		1.17000	0.40000	977,056,969
2018		1.17000	0.40000	1,062,570,209
2019		1.17000	0.40000	1,085,663,596
2020		1.06830	0.40000	1,208,947,354
2021		1.03080	0.37250	1,314,679,720
2022		0.96030	0.37250	1,577,312,275
2023	(School year under audit)	0.94290	0.34250	2,191,237,086
	TOTALS			

Total amount of taxes refunded under Section 26.1115, Tax Code, for owners who received an exemption as provided by Section 11.42(f), Tax Code

10	20	31 32		40	50		
 Beginning Balance 7/1/22	Current Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Collections	Debt Service Collections	Entire Year's Adjustments	Ending Balance 6/30/23		
\$ 33,691	\$ -	\$ 846	\$ 202	\$ (904)	\$ 31,739		
7,073	-	-	-	-	7,073		
7,034	-	-	-	-	7,034		
9,241	-	744	254	-	8,243		
15,429	-	582	199	(189)	14,459		
24,024	-	3,687	1,260	(377)	18,700		
36,940	-	5,925	2,218	(1,040)	27,757		
88,280	-	4,184	1,512	(17,687)	64,897		
407,180	-	128,037	49,665	(146,521)	82,957		
-	28,166,162	20,388,389	7,405,900	254,640	626,513		
\$ 628,892	\$ 28,166,162	\$ 20,532,394	\$ 7,461,210	\$ 87,922	\$ 889,372		

\$ 7,476

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CHILD NUTRITION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data				Actual		
Control		Budgete	d Amounts	Amounts	Variance With	
Codes		Original	Final	(GAAP BASIS)	Final Budget	
REVENUES						
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$ 369,247	\$ 369,247	\$ 447,012	\$	77,765
5800	State Program Revenues	8,095	8,095	10,207		2,112
5900	Federal Program Revenues	1,838,894	1,838,894	2,129,214		290,320
5020	Total Revenues	2,216,236	2,216,236	2,586,433		370,197
EXPENDITURES						
0035	Food Services	1,931,178	2,574,377	2,472,891		101,486
0051	Facilities Maintenance & Operations	135,958	135,958	129,712		6,246
0071	Debt Service	11,100	=	-		-
6030	Total Expenditures	2,078,236	2,710,335	2,602,603		107,732
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
	Over (Under) Expenditures	138,000	(494,099)	(16,170)		477,929
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
7915	Transfers In	2,000	2,000	723		(1,277)
7080	Total Other Finance Sources (Uses)	2,000	2,000	723		(1,277)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	140,000	(492,099)	(15,447)		476,652
0100	Fund Balance-July 1 (Beginning)	1,840,684	1,840,684	1,840,684		-
3000	Fund Balance-June 30 (Ending)	\$ 1,980,684	\$ 1,348,585	\$ 1,825,237	\$	476,652
					•	

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data						Actual		
Control		Budgeted Amounts			Amounts		Variance With	
Codes		Original		Final	(GAAP BASIS)		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$ 7,556,597	\$	7,556,597	\$	7,564,849	\$	8,252
5800	State Program Revenues	66,364		66,364		191,927		125,563
5020	Total Revenues	7,622,961		7,622,961		7,756,776		133,815
EXPE	ENDITURES							
	Debt Service:							
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt	2,725,000		2,725,000		2,725,000		-
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt	2,038,628		2,038,628		2,038,628		-
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	8,000		8,000		2,500		5,500
6030	Total Expenditures	4,771,628		4,771,628		4,766,128		5,500
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
	Over (Under) Expenditures	2,851,333		2,851,333		2,990,648		139,315
OTHE	ER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
7915	Transfers In	-		-		6,064		6,064
7080	Total Other Finance Sources (Uses)	-		-		6,064		6,064
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	2,851,333		2,851,333		2,996,712		145,379
0100	Fund Balance-July 1 (Beginning)	2,731,490		2,731,490		2,731,490		-
3000	Fund Balance-June 30 (Ending)	\$ 5,582,823	\$	5,582,823	\$	5,728,202	\$	145,379

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT USE OF FUNDS REPORT – SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control			1
Codes	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	R	esponses
	Districts are required to use at least 55% of state compensatory education state allotment funds on direct program costs. Statutory Authority: Texas Education Code §48.104.		
AP1	Did your District expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the District's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	Total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$	3,184,251
AP4	Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$	1,279,357
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
	Districts are required to use at least 55% of bilingual education state allotment funds on direct program costs. Statutory Authority: Texas Education Code §48.105.		
AP5	Did your District expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the District's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	367,279
AP8	Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$	215,031

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data			
Control		_	1
Codes		R	esponses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?		No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Comission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.)		Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.		ies
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.		
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.		No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules in effect at the fiscal year end?		Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?		Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	\$	6,299,826

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees of Taylor Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Taylor Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Taylor Independent School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Taylor Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Taylor Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Taylor Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were no identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Taylor Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Cedar Park, Texas

September 29, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

To the Board of Trustees of Taylor Independent School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Taylor Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Taylor Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Taylor Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Taylor Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Taylor Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Taylor Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Taylor Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Taylor Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Taylor Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Taylor Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Taylor Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant
 to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Taylor Independent School District's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of Taylor Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Cedar Park, Texas

September 29, 2023

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	1	2a	3	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	-	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	ALN	Entity Identifying	Federal	
PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			_	
Passed through Texas Education Agency				
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	23610101246911	\$ 1,016,772	
Shared Services Arrangement - IDEA - Part-B, Formula ¹	84.027A	236600012469116600	1,127,017	
Shared Services Arrangement - IDEA - Part B, Discretionary 1	84.027A	66002306	62,878	
COVID-19, Shared Services Arrangement - IDEA - Part B, Formula, ARP ¹	84.027A	225350012469115350	99,134	
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.027			1,289,029	
SSA - IDEA - Part-B, Preschool	84.173A	236610012469116610	20,456	
SSA - IDEA - Part B, Preschool, ARP	84.173X	225360022469115360	5,465	
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.173			25,921	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grant	84.048A	23420006246911	49,121	
ESEA, Title II, Part A - Teacher and Principal Training	84.367A	23694501246911	157,162	
Title III, Part A - English Lang. Acquisition and Enhancement	84.365A	23671001246911	12,821	
COVID-19, ESSER I	84.425D	20521001246911	6,262	
COVID-19, SSA - ARP Act - Homeless II	84.425W	21533002227950	8,769	
COVID-19, ESSER II	84.425D	21521001246911	306,990	
COVID-19, ESSER III	84.425U	21528001246911	1,829,910	
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.425			2,151,931	
Title IV, Part-B - 21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	246950307110019	306,726	
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	23680101246911	73,977	
Total Passed through Texas Education Agency			5,083,460	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			5,083,460	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed through Texas Education Agency				
National School Breakfast Program ²	10.553	71402301	695,013	
National School Lunch Program ²	10.555	71302301	1,095,331	
Total Passed through Texas Education Agency			1,790,344	
Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture				
Food Distribution Program - Non-Cash Assistance ²	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	131,415	
NSLP Dinners - Snacks (All Campuses) ²	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	33,514	
Supply Chain Assistance Program ²	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	5,000	
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555			169,929	
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.588	NT4XL1YGLGC2	165,805	
COVID-19, Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer	10.649	NT4XL1YGLGC5	3,136	
Total Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture			338,870	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			2,129,214	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 7,212,674	

	1	2a		3
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through		
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	ALN	Entity Identifying	Federal	
PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures	
Not Considered Federal Financial Assistance:				
School Health and Related Services (SHARS) Revenue			\$	843,117
E-Rate Revenue				27,371
Emergency Connectivity Fund				40,000
TOTAL FEDERAL REVENUE PER STATEMENT OF REVENUES,				
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE			\$	8,123,162

 $^{^{\}rm I}$ Special Education (IDEA) Cluster as defined in OMB Compliance Supplement. $^{\rm 2}$ Child Nutrition Cluster as defined in OMB Compliance Supplement.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal awards expenditures of Taylor Independent School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in the accompanying Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position, or cash flows of the District.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting - The expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented using the modified-accrual basis of accounting, with the exception of the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program and the Food Distribution Program. Under the modified-accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement.

Expenditures for the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program and the Food Distribution Program are shown on the Schedule in an amount equal to the related revenue, but are not specifically attributable to this revenue source. Expenditures are reported in this manner due to the Child Nutrition Fund being a fund that combines local, state, and federal revenues, and spends those resources together to support the overall operations of the Child Nutrition Program.

The District has elected to not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Relationship to Basic Financial Statements - Expenditures of federal awards are reported in the District's basic financial statements in the special revenue funds.

Relationship to Federal Financial Reports - Amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports in all significant respects.

Valuation of Non-Cash Programs – The District values revenues and expenditures for the Food Distribution Program based on the value of commodities received.

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes No Significant deficiencies identified that are None reported not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes \boxtimes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes No FEDERAL AWARDS Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes No Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? \boxtimes None reported Yes Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Unmodified Unmodified Special Education Cluster Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the federal Uniform Guidance? Yes No Identification of major programs: ALN Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 84.425D, 84.425U, 84.425W Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief 84.027A, 84.173A, 84.173X Special Education Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes No

TAYLOR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

<u>Findings Related to Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards:</u>

No findings or questioned costs required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

<u>Findings Related to Federal Awards Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with federal Uniform Guidance:</u>

No findings or questioned costs required to be reported in accordance with federal Uniform Guidance for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.